# **SENATE BILL No. 216**

### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 13-30-10-1.5.

**Synopsis:** Environmental crimes. Makes it a Class C misdemeanor for a person regulated under the air pollution control laws to knowingly violate certain air pollution control rules or to knowingly fail to file certain documents or maintain certain records required by the federal Clean Air Act. Makes it a Class C misdemeanor for a person regulated under the water pollution control laws to willfully or recklessly violate certain water pollution control rules or to negligently violate certain permit conditions or permit filing requirements. Makes a technical correction.

Effective: July 1, 2014.

### Charbonneau

January 9, 2014, read first time and referred to Committee on Environmental Affairs.



#### Second Regular Session 118th General Assembly (2014)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2013 Regular Session and 2013 First Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

## **SENATE BILL No. 216**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning environmental law.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 13-30-10-1.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013
2	SECTION 196, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1.5. (a) Except as provided in
4	subsection (b), a person regulated under IC 13-22 who knowingly does
5	any of the following commits a Class B misdemeanor:
6	(1) Transports hazardous waste to an unpermitted facility.
7	(2) Treats, stores, or disposes of hazardous waste without a permit
8	issued by the department.
9	(3) Transports, treats, stores, disposes of, recycles, or causes to be
10	transported used oil regulated under 329 IAC 13 in violation of
11	the standards established by the department for the management
12	of used oil.
13	(4) Makes a false material statement or representation in any
14	label, manifest, record, report, or other document filed or
15	maintained under the hazardous waste or used oil standards.
16	(b) An offense under subsection (a) is a Level 6 felony if the offense



1	results in damage to the environment that renders the environment unfit
2	for human or vertebrate animal life. An offense under subsection (a) is
3	a Level 5 felony if the offense results in the death of another person.
4	(c) Before imposing sentence upon conviction of an offense under
5	subsection (a) or (b), the court shall consider either or both of the
6	following factors, if found by the jury or if stipulated to by the parties
7	in a plea agreement:
8	(1) If the offense involves discharge of a contaminant into the
9	environment, whether that discharge resulted in any or a
10	combination of the following:
11	(A) A substantial risk of serious bodily injury.
12	(B) Serious bodily injury to an individual.
13	(C) The death of a vertebrate animal.
14	(D) Damage to the environment that:
15	(i) renders the environment unfit for human or vertebrate
16	animal life; or
17	(ii) causes damage to an endangered, an at risk, or a
18	threatened species.
19	(2) Whether the person did not know and could not reasonably
20	have been expected to know that the contaminant discharged into
21	the environment was capable of causing a result described in
22	subdivision (1).
23	(d) Notwithstanding the maximum fine under IC 35-50-3-3, the
24	court shall order a person convicted under subsection (a) to pay a fine
25	of at least five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per day for each violation and
26	not more than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) per day for each
27	violation.
28	(e) Notwithstanding the maximum fine under IC 35-50-2-6(a) or
29	IC 35-50-2-7(a), the court shall order a person convicted under
30	subsection (b) to pay:
31	* * * *
32	(1) a fine of at least five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more
33	than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for each day of violation; or
	(2) if the person has a prior unrelated conviction for an offense
34	under this title that may be punished as a felony, a fine of at least
35	five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more than one hundred
36	thousand dollars (\$100,000) for each day of violation.
37	(f) Except as provided in subsection (g), a person regulated under
38	IC 13-17 who does any of the following commits a Class C
39	misdemeanor:
40	(1) Knowingly violates any applicable requirements of
41	IC 13-17-4, IC 13-17-5, IC 13-17-6, IC 13-17-7, IC 13-17-8,
42	IC 13-17-9, IC 13-17-10, or IC 13-17-13, <b>including rules of the</b>



1	board implementing those chapters.
2	(2) Knowingly violates any air pollution registration, construction,
3	or operating permit condition issued by the department.
4	(3) Knowingly violates any fee or filing requirement in IC 13-17.
5	(4) Knowingly fails to file or maintain any notice, application,
6	record, report, or plan required under the federal Clean Air
7	Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.).
8	(4) (5) Knowingly makes any false material statement,
9	representation, or certification in any form, notice, or report
10	required by an air pollution registration, construction, or operating
11	permit issued by the department.
12	(g) An offense under subsection (f) is a Level 6 felony if the offense
13	results in damage to the environment that renders the environment unfit
14	for human or vertebrate animal life. An offense under subsection (f) is
15	a Level 5 felony if the offense results in the death of another person.
16	(h) Before imposing sentence upon conviction of an offense under
17	subsection (f) or (g), the court shall consider either or both of the
18	following factors, if found by the jury or if stipulated to by the parties
19	in a plea agreement:
20	(1) If the offense involves discharge of a contaminant into the
21	environment, whether that discharge resulted in any or a
22	combination of the following:
23	(A) A substantial risk of serious bodily injury.
24	(B) Serious bodily injury to an individual.
25	(C) The death of a vertebrate animal.
26	(D) Damage to the environment that:
27	(i) renders the environment unfit for human or vertebrate
28	animal life; or
29	(ii) causes damage to an endangered, an at risk, or a
30	threatened species.
31	(2) Whether the person did not know and could not reasonably
32	have been expected to know that the contaminant discharged into
33	the environment was capable of causing a result described in
34	subdivision (1).
35	(i) Notwithstanding the maximum fine under IC 35-50-3-4, the court
36	shall order a person convicted under subsection (f) to pay a fine of at
37	least five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per day for each violation and not
38	more than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) per day for each
39	violation.
40	(j) Notwithstanding the maximum fine under IC 35-50-2-6(a) or
41	IC 35-50-2-7(a), the court shall order a person convicted under



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subsection (g) to pay:

1	(1) a fine of at least five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more
2	than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for each day of violation; or
3	(2) if the person has a prior unrelated conviction for an offense
4	under this title that may be punished as a felony, a fine of at least
5	five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more than one hundred
6	thousand dollars (\$100,000) for each day of violation.
7	(k) Except as provided in subsection (l), a person regulated under
8	IC 13-18 who does any of the following commits a Class C
9	misdemeanor:
10	(1) Willfully or recklessly violates any applicable standards or
11	limitations of IC 13-18-3-2.4, IC 13-18-4-5, IC 13-18-8,
12	IC 13-18-9, IC 13-18-10, IC 13-18-12, IC 13-18-14, IC 13-18-15,
13	or IC 13-18-16, including rules of the board implementing
14	those sections and chapters.
15	(2) Willfully or recklessly negligently violates any National
16	Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit condition issued
17	by the department under IC 13-18-19.
18	(3) Willfully or recklessly negligently violates any National
19	
20	Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit filing
	requirement.
21	(4) Knowingly makes any false material statement, representation,
22	or certification in any National Pollutant Discharge Elimination
23	System permit form or in any notice or report required by a
24	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit issued
25	by the department.
26	(l) An offense under subsection (k) is a Level 6 felony if the offense
27	results in damage to the environment that renders the environment unfit
28	for human or vertebrate animal life. An offense under subsection (k) is
29	a Level 5 felony if the offense results in the death of another person.
30	(m) Before imposing sentence upon conviction of an offense under
31	subsection (k) or (l), the court shall consider any or a combination of
32	the following factors, if found by the jury or if stipulated to by the
33	parties in a plea agreement:
34	(1) If the offense involves discharge of a contaminant into the
35	environment, whether that discharge resulted in any or a
36	combination of the following:
37	(A) A substantial risk of serious bodily injury.
38	(B) Serious bodily injury to an individual.
39	(C) The death of a vertebrate animal.
40	(D) Damage to the environment that:
41	(i) renders the environment unfit for human or vertebrate

animal life; or



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1	(ii) causes damage to an endangered, an at risk, or a
2	threatened species.
3	(2) Whether the person did not know and could not reasonably
4	have been expected to know that the contaminant discharged into
5	the environment was capable of causing a result described in
6	subdivision (1).
7	(3) Whether the discharge was the result of a combined sewer
8	overflow and the person regulated had given notice of that fact to
9	the department.
10	(n) Notwithstanding the maximum fine under IC 35-50-3-4, the
11	court shall order a person convicted under subsection (k)(1), (k)(2), or
12	(k)(3) to pay a fine of at least five thousand dollars (\$5,000) a day for
13	each violation and not more than twenty-five thousand dollars
14	(\$25,000) a day for each violation.
15	(o) Notwithstanding the maximum fine under IC 35-50-3-4, the
16	court shall order a person convicted under subsection (k)(4) to pay a
17	fine of at least five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each instance of
18	violation and not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each
19	instance of violation.
20	(p) Notwithstanding the maximum fine under IC 35-50-2-6(a) or
21	IC 35-50-2-7(a), the court shall order a person convicted under
22	subsection (1) to pay:
23	(1) a fine of at least five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more
24	than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for each day of violation; or
25	(2) if the person has a prior unrelated conviction for an offense
26	under this title that may be punished as a felony, a fine of at least
27	five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more than one hundred
28	thousand dollars (\$100,000) for each day of violation.
29	(q) The penalties under this section apply regardless of whether a
30	person uses electronic submissions or paper documents to accomplish
31	the actions described in this section.

